# **Pioneers of Atomic Theory**

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**Democritus**- Greek Philosopher proposed that if something was divided enough times, eventually the particles would be too small to divide any further.

Ex: Identify this Greek philosopher who postulated that if an object was divided enough times, there would eventually be small particles that could not be divided any further.

**John Dalton**- English chemist who made the "billiard ball" atom model. First to prove that rainfall was a result of temperature change. He was the first scientist after Democritus to build on atomic theory. He also created a law on partial pressures.

Common Clues: Partial pressures, pioneer of atomic theory, and temperature change causes rainfall.





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# Discoverers of the Atom

**J.J. Thomson**- English Scientist who discovered electrons through a cathode. Made the "plum pudding model" with Lord Kelvin (Kelvin Scale) which stated that negative charges were spread about a positive charged medium, making atoms neutral.

Common Clues: Plum pudding, Electrons had negative charges, disproved by either Rutherford or Mardsen and Geiger



model, gold foil experiment, nucleus

**Ernest Rutherford**- New Zealand Physicist who disproved Thomson's model with his Gold foil experiment that was conducted by his students Geiger and Mardsen, where he shot alpha particles a gold foil, and some were deflected and others were simply passed through, thus discovering the nucleus.

Common Clues: Geiger and Mardsen, Alpha particles, disproved Thomson's



**Niels Bohr**- Danish physicist who created a more accurate model of the atom with energy levels of electrons. Bohr's theory states that a light quantum is emitted when an electron jumps orbits. Bohr Magneton expresses magnetic movement of an electron using the Lande g factor. His model uses the Rydberg Formula.

Common Clues: Magneton(ization) + Lande g factor, Reproduced Rydberg Formula, stressed electrons as being in orbits and in different energy levels.



**Gilbert Newton Lewis**- American Chemist who designed the Lewis-Dot Structure, which is used to assign formal charge or oxidation state. Shows electrons as either paired (bonded) or unpaired. "Thermodynamics and the Free Energy of Chemical Substances", co-authored with Merle Randall. Lewis acids: compounds that can accept an electron pair

Common Clues: Electron dot structures, "Thermodynamics and the Free Energy of Chemical Substances" with Merle Randall, Namesake acids associated with electron pairs